## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Claims 1-19 (cancelled)

Claim 20 (currently amended): A method of preventing or treating a disease in a host, comprising administering to the host an effective amount of a vaccine comprising a <a href="free-living microbemodified">free-living microbemodified</a> bacterium, wherein the nucleic acid of the <a href="microbebacterium">microbebacterium</a> has been modified by reaction with a nucleic acid targeted compound that reacts directly with the nucleic acid so that the <a href="microbemodified">microbemodified</a> bacterium is attenuated for proliferation relative to the bacterium prior to <a href="modification">modification</a>, wherein gene expression in the modified bacterium is active.

Claim 21 (currently amended): A method of inducing an immune response in a host to an antigen comprising administering to the host an effective amount of a vaccine comprising a free-living microbe modified bacterium, wherein the nucleic acid of the microbe bacterium has been modified by reaction with a nucleic acid targeted compound that reacts directly with the nucleic acid so that the microbe modified bacterium is attenuated for proliferation relative to the bacterium prior to modification, and wherein the microbe modified bacterium expresses the antigen.

Claims 22-82 (cancelled)

Claim 83 (previously presented): The method of claim 20, wherein the nucleic-acid targeted compound is a nucleic acid alkylator.

Claim 84 (previously presented): The method of claim 83, wherein the nucleic acid alkylator is β-alanine, N-(acridin-9-yl), 2-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]ethyl ester.

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Claim 85 (previously presented): The method of claim 20, wherein the nucleic acid targeted compound is activated by irradiation.

Claim 86 (previously presented): The method of claim 85, wherein the nucleic acid targeted compound is a psoralen compound activated by UVA irradiation.

Claim 87 (previously presented): The method of claim 86, wherein the nucleic acid targeted compound is 4'-(4-amino-2-oxa)butyl-4,5',8-trimethylpsoralen.

Claims 88-96 (cancelled)

Claim 97 (currently amended): The method of claim 9620, wherein the bacterium comprises a genetic mutation that attenuates the ability of the microbe bacterium to repair its nucleic acid that has been modified relative to wild type.

Claim 98 (currently amended): The method of claim 97, wherein the bacterium is defective with respect to a DNA repair enzyme relative to wild type due to the genetic mutation.

Claim 99 (previously presented): The method of claim 98, wherein the genetic mutation is in one or more gene selected from the group consisting of *phrB*, *uvrA*, *uvrB*, *uvrC*, *uvrD* and *recA*.

Claim 100 (currently amended): The method of claim 9620, wherein the microbe bacterium is *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*.

Claim 101 (currently amended): The method of claim 9620, wherein the microbe bacterium is Bacillus anthracis.

Claim 102 (currently amended): The method of claim 9620, wherein the microbe bacterium is Listeria monocytogenes.

Claim 103 (currently amended): The method of claim 102, wherein the *Listeria* comprises a genetic mutation that attenuates the ability of the microbe bacterium to repair its modified nucleic acid that has been modified relative to wild type.

Claim 104 (currently amended): The method of claim 103, wherein the *Listeria* is defective with respect to a DNA repair enzyme relative to wild type due to the genetic mutation.

Claim 105 (previously presented): The method of claim 104, wherein the genetic mutation is in one or more gene selected from the group consisting of *phrB*, *uvrA*, *uvrB*, *uvrC*, *uvrD* and *recA*.

Claim 106 (currently amended): The method of claim 105, wherein the *Listeria*-comprises a mutation genetic mutation is in one or more gene selected from the group consisting of *uvr*A, *uvr*B, and *uvr*C.

Claim 107 (currently amended): The method of claim 106, wherein the genetic muation *Listeria* comprises at least one mutation in both *uvrA* and *uvrB*.

Claim 108 (withdrawn – currently amended): The method of claim 107, wherein the *Listeria* further comprises a mutation in the *actA* gene, the *inlB* gene, or both genes, wherein the mutation in the *actA* gene attenuates the ability of the *Listeria* to spread relative to wild type and the mutation in the *inlB* gene attenuates the ability of the *Listeria* to invade at least some cells relative to wild type.

Claim 109 (currently amended): The method of claim 20, wherein the <u>microbebacterium</u> comprises a heterologous nucleic acid sequence encoding an antigen.

Claim 110 (previously presented): The method of claim 20, wherein the vaccine further comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or an adjuvant.

Claim 111 (currently amended): The method of claim 20, wherein the <u>microbial bacterial</u> gene expression of the <u>microbe bacterium</u> is substantially unaffected by the modification of the nucleic acid of the bacterium.

Claim 112 (previously presented): The method of claim 20, wherein the disease is an infectious disease.

Claim 113 (previously presented): The method of claim 109, wherein the disease is cancer.

Claim 114 (previously presented): The method of claim 21, wherein the nucleic-acid targeted compound is a nucleic acid alkylator.

Claim 115 (previously presented): The method of claim 114, wherein the nucleic acid alkylator is β-alanine, N-(acridin-9-yl), 2-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]ethyl ester.

Claim 116 (previously presented): The method of claim 21, wherein the nucleic acid targeted compound is activated by irradiation.

Claim 117 (previously presented): The method of claim 116, wherein the nucleic acid targeted compound is a psoralen compound activated by UVA irradiation.

Claim 118 (previously presented): The method of claim 117, wherein the nucleic acid targeted compound is 4'-(4-amino-2-oxa)butyl-4,5',8-trimethylpsoralen.

Claim 119-127 (cancelled)

Claim 128 (currently amended): The method of claim 12721, wherein the bacterium comprises a genetic mutation that attenuates the ability of the microbe bacterium to repair its modified nucleic acid that has been modified relative to wild type.

Claim 129 (currently amended): The method of claim 128, wherein the bacterium is defective with respect to a DNA repair enzyme relative to wild type due to the genetic mutation.

Claim 130 (previously presented): The method of claim 129, wherein the genetic mutation is in one or more gene selected from the group consisting of *phrB*, *uvrA*, *uvrB*, *uvrC*, *uvrD* and *recA*.

Claim 131 (currently amended): The method of claim 12721, wherein the microbe bacterium is Mycobacterium tuberculosis.

Claim 132 (currently amended): The method of claim 12721, wherein the microbe bacterium is *Bacillus anthracis*.

Claim 133 (currently amended): The method of claim 12721, wherein the microbe bacterium is Listeria monocytogenes.

Claim 134 (currently amended): The method of claim 133, wherein the *Listeria* comprises a genetic mutation that attenuates the ability of the microbe bacterium to repair its nucleic acid that has been modified relative to wild type.

Claim 135 (currently amended): The method of claim 134, wherein the *Listeria* is defective with respect to a DNA repair enzyme <u>relative</u> to wild type due to the genetic mutation.

Claim 136 (previously presented): The method of claim 135, wherein the genetic mutation is in one or more gene selected from the group consisting of *phrB*, *uvrA*, *uvrB*, *uvrC*, *uvrD* and *recA*.

Claim 137 (currently amended): The method of claim 136, wherein the genetic mutation is *Listeria* comprises a mutation in one or more gene selected from the group consisting of *uvr*A, *uvr*B, and *uvr*C.

Claim 138 (currently amended): The method of claim 137, wherein the genetic mutation *Listeria* comprises at least one mutation in both *uvrA* and *uvrB*.

Claim 139 (withdrawn - currently amended): The method of claim 138, wherein the *Listeria* further comprises a mutation in the *actA* gene, the *inlB* gene, or both genes, wherein the mutation in the *actA* gene attenuates the ability of the *Listeria* to spread relative to wild type and the mutation in the *inlB* gene attenuates the ability of the *Listeria* to invade at least some cells relative to wild type.

Claim 140 (currently amended): The method of claim 21, wherein the microbe bacterium comprises a heterologous nucleic acid sequence encoding the antigen.

Claim 141 (previously presented): The method of claim 21, wherein the vaccine further comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or an adjuvant.

Claim 142 (currently amended): The method of claim 21, wherein the <u>microbial bacterial</u> gene expression of the <u>microbe bacterium</u> is substantially unaffected by the modification of the nucleic acid of the bacterium.

Claim 143 (previously presented): The method of claim 140, wherein the antigen is a tumor antigen.

Claim 144 (previously presented): The method of claim 143, wherein the tumor antigen is mesothelin, SPAS-1, proteinase-3, SP-17, gp100, PAGE-4, TARP, Her-2/neu, WT-1, NY-ESO-1, PSMA, K-ras or CEA, or an antigen derived from mesothelin, SPAS-1, proteinase-3, SP-17, gp100, PAGE-4, TARP, Her-2/neu, WT-1, NY-ESO-1, PSMA, K-ras or CEA.

Claim 145 (previously presented): The method of claim 140, wherein the antigen is an infectious disease antigen.

Claim 146 (previously presented): The method of claim 145, wherein the antigen is derived from a Human Immundeficiency Virus or a hepatitis virus.

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Claim 147 (previously presented): The method of claim 146, wherein the antigen is derived from hepatitis C virus.

Claim 148 (currently amended): The method of claim 12721, wherein the bacterium is *Salmonella* or *Shigella*.

Claim 149 (currently amended): The method of claim 9620, wherein the bacterium is *Salmonella* or *Shigella*.